Urology Procedure

Circumcision

1. What is circumcision?

A circumcision is a surgical procedure that involves the removal of the foreskin, a fold of skin covering the head of the penis. It is performed for various reasons, including religious or cultural traditions, hygiene, and medical indications.

2. What are the advantages of circumcision?

- Hygiene: Circumcision can make it easier to maintain genital hygiene since the removal of the foreskin reduces the risk of smegma accumulation, which can lead to infections and unpleasant odours.
- Lower risk of certain infections: Circumcision has been associated with a reduced risk
 of urinary tract infections in infants. It may also offer some protection against sexually
 transmitted infections, including HIV.
- Prevention of phimosis and paraphimosis: Circumcision can prevent conditions like phimosis (tightening of the foreskin that cannot be retracted) and paraphimosis (inability to return the retracted foreskin to its original position).
- Decreased risk of penile cancer: Circumcision may reduce the risk of penile cancer, a rare condition.

3. What are the possible risks of a circumcision?

- Infection: Infection at the surgical site is a possible risk, though it is relatively low with proper postoperative care.
- Excessive bleeding: While uncommon, some bleeding may occur during or after the procedure.
- Pain and discomfort: Circumcision can cause pain and discomfort during the healing process, especially in the first few days after the surgery.
- Irritation and swelling: Some temporary irritation and swelling around the surgical area may occur.
- Cosmetic or functional concerns: Circumcision is a permanent alteration of the genital area, and there may be concerns about cosmetic outcomes or potential changes in sexual function.

4. What happens after?

After circumcision, it is common to experience some degree of pain, swelling, and redness in the genital area. These symptoms are typically temporary and can be managed with over-the-counter pain relievers and proper wound care. Recovery time varies but usually takes a few weeks.

After circumcision, it is essential to monitor for any signs of infection or complications, such as excessive bleeding. Most individuals can return to their regular activities once the healing process is complete.